

HEDIS® 2017 MQIC MEASURES SUMMARY LISTING FOR ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

ATTENTION-DEFICIT/HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication (ADD)

Percent children newly prescribed ADHD medication who had at least three follow-up care visits within a 10-month period, one of which was within 30 days of when the first ADHD medication was dispensed. Two rates are reported:

- a. Initiation Phase. Percent members 6-12 years of age as of the index prescription start date (IPSD) with an ambulatory prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who had one follow-up visit with practitioner with prescribing authority during the 30-day initiation phase.
- b. Continuation and Maintenance Phase: Percent members 6-12 years of age as of the IPSD with an ambulatory prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who remained on medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least two follow-up visits with a practitioner within 270 days (9 months) after the initiation phase ended.

ASTHMA

Non-HEDIS Measures:

1. Periodic Assessment (5-85 Years Old)

Members who had at least one preventive/ambulatory health services visit within the measurement year with a PCP, pulmonologist, or allergist.

2. Emergency Department Visits per 1000 Members with Asthma and Being Treated for a Primary Diagnosis of Asthma (5-85 Years Old)

Report rate for Commercial 5-85 years, Medicaid 5-64 years, Medicare 18-85 years

UNCOMPLICATED ACUTE BRONCHITIS IN ADULTS

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment in Adults with Acute Bronchitis (AAB):

Percent of adults 18-64 years of age with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis who were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.

CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE

Non-HEDIS Measure:

1. Percent members in HEDIS® Diabetes or Hypertension populations who had a serum creatinine test (necessary for GFR)

DEPRESSION

HEDIS® Measures:

1. Antidepressant Medication Management (AMM):

Percent members 18 years of age and older with a diagnosis of major depression and were treated with antidepressant medication, and who remained on an antidepressant medication treatment. Two rates are reported:

- a. Effective Acute Phase Treatment. Remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 84 days (12 weeks).
- b. Effective Continuation Phase Treatment. Remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 180 days (6 months).

DIABETES

HEDIS® Measures:

1. Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC):

Percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had each of the following:

- a. HbA1c Testing
- b. HbA1c Poor Control (>9.0%) (a lower rate indicates better performance)
- c. HbA1c Control (<8.0%)
- d. HbA1c Control (<7.0%) for a selected population (**Additional exclusion criteria are required for this indicator**)
- e. Eye Exam (retinal) performed
- f. Medical Attention for Nephropathy
- g. Blood Pressure Control (<140/90 mm Hg)

2. Statin Therapy for Patients with Diabetes (SPD):

Percent members 40-75 years of age during the measurement year with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) who met the following criteria. Two rates are reported.

- a. Received Statin Therapy. Dispensed at least one high or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year.
- b. Statin Adherence 80%. Remained on a statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.

CARDIOVASCULAR

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP):

Percent members 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of HTN and whose BP was adequately controlled during the measurement year. One rate is reported.

- a. Members 18-59 years of age whose BP was < 140/90 mm Hg
- b. Members 60-85 years of age with a diagnosis of diabetes whose BP was < 140/90 mm Hg
- c. Members 60-85 years of age without a diagnosis of diabetes whose BP was < 150/90 mm Hg

2. Statin Therapy for Patients with Cardiovascular Disease (SPC):

Percent males 21-75 years of age and females 40-75 years of age during the measurement year who were identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and met the following criteria. The following rates are reported:

- a. Received Statin Therapy. Dispensed at least one high or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year.
- b. Statin Adherence 80%. Remained on a high or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.

Non-HEDIS Measure:

1. Percent Members with any Diagnosis of Hypertension

ACUTE LOW BACK PAIN

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain (LBP):

Percent members with a primary diagnosis of low back pain who did not have an imaging study (plain X-ray, MRI, CT scan) within 28 days of diagnosis.

ADULT OBESITY

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Adult BMI Assessment (ABA):

Percent members 18-74 years of age who had an outpatient visit and whose body mass index (BMI) was documented during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

CHILDHOOD OBESITY

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents (WCC):

Percent members 3-17 years of age who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or OB/GYN and who had evidence of BMI percentile documentation*, counseling for nutrition, and counseling for physical activity during the measurement year.

- a. 3-11 Years Old
- b. 12-17 Years Old
- c. Total (sum of the two age stratifications)**

*This measure evaluates whether BMI percentile is assessed rather than an absolute BMI value.

**MQIC health plans report all age stratifications, but only the total rate is reported on the Annual Performance Measurement Report.

OSTEOPOROSIS

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Osteoporosis Management in Women Who Had a Fracture (OMW) [Medicare]

Percent women 67-85 years of age who suffered a fracture and who had either a bone mineral density (BMD) test or prescription for a drug to treat or prevent osteoporosis in the six months after the fracture.

ACUTE PHARYNGITIS

HEDIS® Measure:

1. Appropriate Testing for Children With Pharyngitis (CWP):

Percent children 3-18 years of age diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A streptococcus test for the episode. A higher rate represents better performance (appropriate testing).

ROUTINE PRENATAL AND POSTNATAL CARE

HEDIS® Measures:

1. Prenatal and Postpartum Care (PPC):

The percentage of deliveries of live births between November 6 of the year prior to the measurement year and November 5 of the measurement year. For these women, the measure assesses the following facets of prenatal and postpartum care:

- a. Timeliness of Prenatal Care: percent deliveries that received a prenatal care visit as a member of the organization in the first trimester or within 42 days of enrollment in the organization.
 - b. Postpartum Care: percent deliveries that had a postpartum visit on or between 21 and 56 days after delivery.
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ADULT PREVENTIVE SERVICES (AGES 18 – 65+)

HEDIS® Measures:

1. Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)

Percent members 50-75 years of age who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer.

2. Breast Cancer Screening (BCS)

Percent women 50-74 years of age who had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer.

3. Cervical Cancer Screening (CCS)

Percent women 21-64 years of age who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the following criteria:

- a. Women age 21-64 who had cervical cytology performed every 3 years.
- b. Women age 30-64 who had cervical cytology/human papillomavirus (HPV) co-testing performed every 5 years.

4. Chlamydia Screening in Women (21-24 years) (CHL)

Percent women 21-24 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year.

5. Flu Vaccinations for Adults Ages 18-64 (CAHPS®) (FVA)

Percent members 18-64 years of age who received an influenza vaccination between July 1 of the measurement year and the date when the CAHPS® survey was completed.

[Commercial, Medicaid]

6. Flu Vaccinations for Adults Ages 65 and Older (CAHPS®) (FVO) [Medicare]

Percent members 65 years of age and older who received an influenza vaccination between July 1 of the measurement year and the date when the Medicare CAHPS® survey was completed.

7. Pneumonia Vaccination Status for Older Adults (CAHPS®) (PNU)

[Medicare]

Percentage members 65 years of age and older who have ever received a pneumococcal vaccine.

8. Aspirin Use and Discussion (CAHPS®) (ASP)

The two components of this measure assess different facets of aspirin use management.

- a. Aspirin Use: A rolling average represents the percentage of members who are currently taking aspirin.
 1. Women 56-79 years of age with at least two risk factors for cardiovascular disease
 2. Men 46-65 years of age with at least one risk factor for cardiovascular disease
 3. Men 66-79 years of age, regardless of risk factors
- b. Discussing Aspirin Risks and Benefits: A rolling average represents the percentage of members who discussed the risks and benefits of using aspirin with a doctor or other health care provider.
 1. Women 56-79 years of age
 2. Men 46-79 years of age

9. Non-Recommended PSA-Based Screening in Older Men (PSA) [Medicare]

- a. Percent men 70 years and older who were screened unnecessarily for prostate cancer using prostate-specific antigen (PSA)-based screening.

PREVENTIVE SERVICES FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN (BIRTH – 24 MONTHS)

HEDIS® Measures:

1. Childhood Immunization Status (CIS):

Percent of children two years of age who had four DTaP, three IPV, one MMR, three Hib, three hepatitis B, one VZV, four pneumococcal conjugate, one hepatitis A, two or three rotavirus (number varies based on which vaccine is given), and two influenza vaccines by their second birthday. The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and nine separate combination rates, see Table 1.

Table 1 – Combination Vaccinations

Combination	DTaP	IPV	MMR	HiB	Hep B	VZV	PCV	Hep A	RV	Influenza
Combination 2*	X	X	X	X	X	X				
Combination 3*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			
Combination 4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
Combination 5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
Combination 6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X
Combination 7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Combination 8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Combination 9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Combination 10*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

*MQIC health plans report all CIS measures, including Combos 2-10, but only Combos 2, 3 and 10 results are reported on the MQIC Annual Performance Measurement Report.

2. Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (W15):

Percent members who turned 15 months old during the measurement year and who had **six** or more well-child visits with a PCP during their first 15 months of life.

3. Lead Screening in Children (LSC) [Medicaid]

Percent of children 2 years of age who had one or more capillary or venous lead blood test for lead poisoning by their second birthday.

PREVENTIVE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS (AGES 2 - 21)

HEDIS® Measures:

- 1. Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Years of Life (W34):**
Percent members 3-6 years of age who had one or more well-child visits with a PCP during the measurement year.
- 2. Adolescent Well-Care Visits (AWC):**
Percent enrolled members 12-21 years of age who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year.
- 3. Chlamydia Screening in Women (16 – 20 years) (CHL):**
Percentage of women 16-20 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year.
- 4. Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA):**
Percent of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal vaccine, one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine and three doses of the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine by their 13th birthday. This measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and two combination rate.
- 5. Non-Recommended Cervical Cancer Screening in Adolescent Females (NCS)**
Percent adolescent females 16-20 years of age who were screened unnecessarily for cervical cancer.

SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS

HEDIS® Measures:

- 1. Initiation and Engagement of Alcohol and Other Drug Dependence Treatment (IET):**
Percent of adolescent and adult members with a new episode of alcohol or other drug (AOD) dependence who received the following:
 - a. Initiation of AOD Treatment. Percent members who initiate treatment through an inpatient AOD admission, outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization within 14 days of diagnosis.
 - b. Engagement of AOD Treatment. Percent members who initiated treatment and who had two or more additional services with a diagnosis of AOD within 30 days of the initiation visit.

TOBACCO CONTROL

HEDIS® Measures:

- 2. Medical Assistance With Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (CAHPS®) (MSC):**
The following three components assess different facets of providing medical assistance with smoking and tobacco use cessation (members 18 years and older):
 - a. Advising Smokers and Tobacco Users to Quit
 - b. Discussing Cessation Medications
 - c. Discussing Cessation Strategies

Non-HEDIS Measure:

- 1. Percent Current Smokers 18 years and older**
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MQIC GUIDELINES THAT DO NOT HAVE MEASURES AT THIS TIME:

1. Adolescent and Young Adult Health Risk Behavior Assessment
2. Adults with Systolic Heart Failure
3. Advance Care Planning
4. In Office Use of Sedation
5. Lipid Screening and Management
6. Medical Management of Adults with Osteoarthritis
7. Outpatient Management of Uncomplicated Deep Venous Thrombosis
8. Prevention of Pregnancy in Adolescents 12-17 years
9. Prevention of Unintended Pregnancy in Adults 18 Years and Older