

# HEDIS® 2019 MQIC MEASURES SUMMARY LISTING FOR ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

## ATTENTION-DEFICIT/HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER

### HEDIS® Measure:

#### 1. Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication (ADD)

Percent children newly prescribed ADHD medication who had at least three follow-up care visits within a 10-month period, one of which was within 30 days of when the first ADHD medication was dispensed. Two rates are reported:

- a. Initiation Phase. Percent members 6-12 years of age as of the index prescription start date (IPSD) with an ambulatory prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who had one follow-up visit with practitioner with prescribing authority during the 30-day initiation phase.
- b. Continuation and Maintenance Phase: Percent members 6-12 years of age as of the IPSD with an ambulatory prescription dispensed for ADHD medication, who remained on medication for at least 210 days and who, in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least two follow-up visits with a practitioner within 270 days (9 months) after the initiation phase ended.

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## ASTHMA

### Non-HEDIS Measures:

#### 1. Periodic Assessment (5-64 Years Old)

Members who had at least one preventive/ambulatory health services visit within the measurement year with a PCP, pulmonologist, or allergist within the measurement year.

#### 2. Emergency Department Visits per 1000 Members with Asthma and Being Treated for a Primary Diagnosis of Asthma (5-64 Years Old)

Report rate for Commercial 5-64 years, Medicaid 5-64 years

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## UNCOMPLICATED ACUTE BRONCHITIS IN ADULTS

### HEDIS® Measure:

#### 1. Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment in Adults with Acute Bronchitis (AAB):

Percent of adults 18-64 years of age with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis who were not dispensed an antibiotic prescription.

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## CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE

### Non-HEDIS Measure:

#### 1. Percent members in HEDIS® Diabetes or Hypertension populations who had a serum creatinine test (necessary for GFR)

## **DEPRESSION**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

#### **1. Antidepressant Medication Management (AMM):**

Percent members 18 years of age and older who were treated with antidepressant medication, had a diagnosis of major depression and who remained on an antidepressant medication treatment. Two rates are reported:

- a. Effective Acute Phase Treatment. Percent members who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 84 days (12 weeks).
- b. Effective Continuation Phase Treatment. Percent members who remained on an antidepressant medication for at least 180 days (6 months).

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## **DIABETES**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

#### **1. Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC):**

Percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had each of the following:

- a. HbA1c testing
- b. HbA1c poor control (>9.0%) (a lower rate indicates better performance)
- c. HbA1c control (<8.0%)
- d. HbA1c control (<7.0%) for a selected population (Additional exclusion criteria are required for this indicator)
- e. Eye exam (retinal) performed
- f. Medical attention for nephropathy
- g. Blood pressure control (<140/90 mm Hg)

#### **2. Statin Therapy for Patients with Diabetes (SPD):**

Percent members 40-75 years of age during the measurement year with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) who met the following criteria. Two rates are reported.

- a. Received Statin Therapy. Members who were dispensed at least one statin medication of any intensity during the measurement year.
- b. Statin Adherence 80%. Members who remained on a statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of the treatment period.

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## **CARDIOVASCULAR**

### **HEDIS® Measure:**

#### **1. Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP):**

Percent members 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose BP was adequately controlled (<140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year.

#### **2. Statin Therapy for Patients with Cardiovascular Disease (SPC):**

Percent males 21-75 years of age and females 40-75 years of age during the measurement year, who were identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and met the following criteria. The following rates are reported:

- a. Received Statin Therapy. Members who were dispensed at least one high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year.
- b. Statin Adherence 80%. Members who remained on a high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.

**Non-HEDIS Measure:**

**1. Percent Members with any Diagnosis of Hypertension**

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**ACUTE LOW BACK PAIN**

**HEDIS® Measure:**

**1. Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain (LBP):**

Percent members with a primary diagnosis of low back pain who did not have an imaging study (plain X-ray, MRI, CT scan) within 28 days of diagnosis.

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**OPIOID PRESCRIBING**

**HEDIS® Measure:**

**1. Use of Opioids at High Dosage (UOD):**

Members 18 years and older, the rate per 1,000 receiving prescription opioids for  $\geq 15$  days during the measurement year at a high dosage (average morphine equivalent dose [MME]  $> 120$  mg). A lower rate indicates better performance.

**2. Use of Opioids from Multiple Providers (UOP):**

Members 18 years and older, the rate per 1,000 receiving prescription opioids for  $\geq 15$  days during the measurement year who received opioids from multiple providers. Three rates are reported.

- a. Multiple Prescribers: Proportion of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different prescribers during the measurement year.
  - b. Multiple Pharmacies: Proportion of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different pharmacies during the measurement year.
  - c. Multiple Prescribers and Multiple Pharmacies: Proportion of members receiving prescriptions for opioids from four or more different prescribers *and* from four or more different pharmacies during the measurement year.
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**ADULT OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY**

**HEDIS® Measure:**

**1. Adult BMI Assessment (ABA):**

Percent members 18-74 years of age who had an outpatient visit and whose body mass index (BMI) was documented during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

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## **CHILDHOOD OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY**

### **HEDIS® Measure:**

#### **1. Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents (WCC):**

Percent members 3-17 years of age who had an outpatient visit with a PCP or OB/GYN and who had evidence of BMI percentile documentation\*, counseling for nutrition, and counseling for physical activity during the measurement year.

- a. 3-11 Years Old
- b. 12-17 Years Old
- c. Total (sum of the two age stratifications)\*\*

\*This measure evaluates whether BMI percentile is assessed rather than an absolute BMI value.

\*\*MQIC health plans report all age stratifications, but only the total rate is reported on the Annual Performance Measurement Report.

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## **OSTEOPOROSIS**

### **HEDIS® Measure:**

#### **1. Osteoporosis Management in Women Who Had a Fracture (OMW) [Medicare]**

Percent women 67-85 years of age who suffered a fracture and who had either a bone mineral density (BMD) test or prescription for a drug to treat or prevent osteoporosis in the six months after the fracture.

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## **ACUTE PHARYNGITIS**

### **HEDIS® Measure:**

#### **1. Appropriate Testing for Children With Pharyngitis (CWP):**

Percent children 3-18 years of age who were diagnosed with pharyngitis, dispensed an antibiotic and received a group A streptococcus (strep) test for the episode.

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## **ROUTINE PRENATAL AND POSTNATAL CARE**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

#### **1. Prenatal and Postpartum Care (PPC):**

The percentage of deliveries of live births between November 6 of the year prior to the measurement year and November 5 of the measurement year. For these women, the measure assesses the following facets of prenatal and postpartum care:

- a. Timeliness of Prenatal Care: Percent deliveries that received a prenatal care visit as a member of the organization in the first trimester, on the enrollment start date or within 42 days of enrollment in the organization.
  - b. Postpartum Care: Percent deliveries that had a postpartum visit on or between 21 and 56 days after delivery.
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## **ADULT PREVENTIVE SERVICES (AGES 18 – 65+)**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

- 1. Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)**  
Percent members 50-75 years of age who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer.
- 2. Breast Cancer Screening (BCS)**  
Percent women 50-74 years of age who had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer.
- 3. Cervical Cancer Screening (CCS)**  
Percent women 21-64 years of age who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the following criteria:
  - a. Women age 21-64 who had cervical cytology performed every 3 years.
  - b. Women age 30-64 who had cervical cytology/human papillomavirus (HPV) co-testing performed every 5 years.
- 4. Chlamydia Screening in Women (21-24 years) (CHL)**  
Percent women 21-24 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year.
- 5. Flu Vaccinations for Adults Ages 18-64 (CAHPS®) (FVA) [Commercial, Medicaid]**  
Percent members 18-64 years of age who received an influenza vaccination between July 1 of the measurement year and the date when the CAHPS® survey was completed.
- 6. Flu Vaccinations for Adults Ages 65 and Older (CAHPS®) (FVO) [Medicare]**  
Percent members 65 years of age and older who received an influenza vaccination between July 1 of the measurement year and the date when the Medicare CAHPS® survey was completed.
- 7. Pneumonia Vaccination Status for Older Adults (CAHPS®) (PNU) [Medicare]**  
Percentage members 65 years of age and older who have ever received one or more pneumococcal vaccinations.
- 8. Non-Recommended PSA-Based Screening in Older Men (PSA) [Medicare]**
  - a. Percent men 70 years and older who were screened unnecessarily for prostate cancer using prostate-specific antigen (PSA)-based screening.

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## **PREVENTIVE SERVICES FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN (BIRTH – 24 MONTHS)**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

- 1. Childhood Immunization Status (CIS):**  
Percent of children two years of age who had four diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTaP); three polio (IPV); one measles, mumps and rubella (MMR); three haemophilus influenza type B (HiB); three hepatitis B (HepB); one chicken pox (VZV); four pneumococcal conjugate (PCV); one hepatitis A (HepA); two or three rotavirus (RV); and two influenza (flu) vaccines by their second birthday. The measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and nine separate combination rates, see Table 1 on the following page.

**Table 1 – Combination Vaccinations**

Combination	DTaP	IPV	MMR	HiB	Hep B	VZV	PCV	Hep A	RV	Influenza
Combination 2*	X	X	X	X	X	X				
Combination 3*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			
Combination 4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
Combination 5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
Combination 6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X
Combination 7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Combination 8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
Combination 9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Combination 10*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

\*MQIC health plans report all CIS measures, including Combos 2-10, but only Combos 2, 3 and 10 results are reported on the MQIC Annual Performance Measurement Report.

**2. Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life (W15):**

Percent members who turned 15 months old during the measurement year and who had **six** or more well-child visits with a PCP during their first 15 months of life.

**3. Lead Screening in Children (LSC) [Medicaid]**

Percent of children 2 years of age who had one or more capillary or venous lead blood test for lead poisoning by their second birthday.

**PREVENTIVE SERVICES FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS (AGES 2 - 21)**

**HEDIS® Measures:**

**1. Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Years of Life (W34):**

Percent members 3-6 years of age who had one or more well-child visits with a PCP during the measurement year.

**2. Adolescent Well-Care Visits (AWC):**

Percent enrolled members 12-21 years of age who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year.

**3. Chlamydia Screening in Women (16 – 20 years) (CHL):**

Percentage of women 16-20 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least one test for chlamydia during the measurement year.

**4. Immunizations for Adolescents (IMA):**

Percent of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal conjugate vaccine; one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis (Tdap) vaccine; and have completed the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine series by their 13<sup>th</sup> birthday. This measure calculates a rate for each vaccine and two combination rates.

**5. Non-Recommended Cervical Cancer Screening in Adolescent Females (NCS)**

Percent adolescent females 16-20 years of age who were screened unnecessarily for cervical cancer.

## **SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

#### **1. Initiation and Engagement of Alcohol and Other Drug Dependence Treatment (IET):**

Percent of adolescent and adult members with a new episode of alcohol or other drug (AOD) abuse or dependence who received the following:

- a. Initiation of AOD Treatment. Percent members who initiate treatment through an inpatient AOD admission, outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization, telehealth or medication treatment within 14 days of diagnosis.
- b. Engagement of AOD Treatment. Percent members who initiated treatment and who had two or more additional AOD services or medication treatment within 34 days of the initiation visit.

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## **TOBACCO CONTROL**

### **HEDIS® Measures:**

#### **2. Medical Assistance With Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (CAHPS®) (MSC):**

The following three components assess different facets of providing medical assistance with smoking and tobacco use cessation (members 18 years and older):

- a. Advising Smokers and Tobacco Users to Quit
- b. Discussing Cessation Medications
- c. Discussing Cessation Strategies

### **Non-HEDIS Measure:**

#### **1. Percent Current Smokers 18 years and older**

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### **MQIC GUIDELINES THAT DO NOT HAVE MEASURES AT THIS TIME:**

1. Adolescent and Young Adult Health Risk Behavior Assessment
2. Adults with Systolic Heart Failure
3. Advance Care Planning
4. In Office Use of Sedation
5. Lipid Screening and Management
6. Medical Management of Adults with Osteoarthritis
7. Outpatient Management of Uncomplicated Deep Venous Thrombosis
8. Prevention of Pregnancy in Adolescents 12-17 years
9. Prevention of Unintended Pregnancy in Adults 18 Years and Older